

Ph.D. Qualifying Examination (August 2007)

Complex Analysis

ANSWER ALL 6 QUESTIONS.

**Convention:** Throughout this paper,  $\mathbf{R}$  denotes the set of real numbers, and  $\mathbf{C}$  denotes the set of complex numbers. For  $z \in \mathbf{C}$ ,  $\operatorname{Re} z$  denotes the real part of  $z$ ,  $\operatorname{Im} z$  denotes the imaginary part of  $z$ . In addition, for a complex variable  $z = x + iy$ ,  $x$  denotes the real part of  $z$ , and  $y$  denotes the imaginary part of  $z$ , unless otherwise stated.

- (a) Determine all the complex numbers  $z$  such that  $\cos z$  is purely imaginary.  
(b) Let  $D := \{z \in \mathbf{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$ , and suppose  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$  is an analytic function such that its derivative  $f'$  is injective on  $D$ . Prove that  $f''(z) \neq 0$  for all  $z \in D$ .
- Use the Cauchy residue theorem to evaluate the improper integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{\cos 3x + \sin 3x}{x^2 + 25} dx.$$

Justify your steps.

- Consider the punctured disk  $D := \{z \in \mathbf{C} \mid 0 < |z| < 1\}$ . Suppose  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$  is an analytic function such that

$$|f''(z)| \leq \frac{2}{|z|^2} \quad \text{for all } z \in D.$$

Is it true that  $f$  has a removable singular point at  $z = 0$ ? Justify your answer.

- Find a conformal map from the domain

$$D_1 := \{z = x + iy \in \mathbf{C} \mid |x + y| < 1\}$$

onto the second quadrant  $D_2 := \{z = x + iy \in \mathbf{C} \mid x < 0 \text{ and } y > 0\}$ .

- Determine all the entire functions  $f$  such that the real part of  $f$  satisfies the inequality

$$\operatorname{Re} f(z) \leq 2 |\ln |z|| + 3 \quad \text{for all } z \in \mathbf{C}.$$

Here  $\ln$  denotes the (real-valued) natural logarithmic function.

- Consider the unit disk  $D := \{z \in \mathbf{C} \mid |z| < 1\}$ . Suppose  $f : D \rightarrow \mathbf{C}$  is an analytic function such that

$$f(z) \in D \quad \text{for all } z \in D,$$

and  $f$  is not one-to-one on  $D$ . Prove that  $|f'(0)| < 1$ .